

On Farm Testing (Discipline-Wise Summary) 2023



Discipline	Crop / Enterprise	Number of tech Concept	inology/ Social	No. of trials		% of achievement	Reasons for shortfall, if
		Assessed	Refined	Target	Achievement		any
Horticulture	Pea	1		5		100	
	Cucumber	1		5			
Plant Protection	Rice	1	-	5		100	
	Onion	1		5			
PBG	Rice	1	-	5		100	
	Millet	1		5			
Fisheries	IMC	1	-	5		100	
	Climbing Perch	1	-	5		100	
Home Science	Multigrain cookies	1	-	5		100	
	Pomelo Jam	1	-	5		100	
Agronomy	Blackgram	1	-	5		100	
	Maize	1	-	5		100	
Agri. Extension	Millets	1	-	120 farmers		100	
Tot	al	13					



Horticulture Common OFT





Crop Garden Pea var. Kashi Ageti

Source of technology and year of release

ICAR IIVR Varanasi, 2015

Problem with severity:

Reduction and fluctuation in yield due to prolong use of locally available and lack of improved high yielding garden pea variety. Severity:20%

Technology to be assessed

Variety- Kashi Ageti

- Seed rate 80kg/ha
- Spacing- 30 x 10cm
- Planting time November
- Seed treatment Trichoderma @ 2g/kg of seed.
- Nutrient requirement:

NPK: 20: 60: 40kg/ha. As basal dose.

No. of trials	
proposed/Area	
(ha)	

5 trial and 0.5 ha

Yield (q/ha)

Gross Return

Cost of Cultivation

Net Return & BCR

Location :- Salungpham, Yairipok, Heirok, Wangjing and Papal

)[rroved high yielding garden pea variety. Severity:20%					
_ 	Parameters	T1 (Kashi Ageti)	T0 : (var. Arkel)			
	Date of sowing	16-11-2023	20-11-2023			
	Days to 1 st germination	3-6	3-6			
	Temperature (max & min)	26°C &11°C	26°C &11°C			
	Relative Humidity %	79.5	79.5			
	No. of branches at 30 DAP	6 -7	5 -6			
	Plant height at 30 DAP	21 -23 (cm)	20 -22 (cm)			
	Plant height at harvesting					
	Days to 1 st Harvesting					
	No. of Picking					
	No. of pods at harvest					
	Crop duration(days)	Continuing				









Horticulture OFT 2

Spacing

No. of fruit/plant

Title: Performance evaluation of Cucumber Var.DC-83 (2nd Year)



Crop	Cucumber var. DC-83		
Problem with severity:	Lesser availability of locally suitable improved Variety Severity: 20%		

No. of trials proposed/Area (ha)	5 trial and 0.5 ha
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Technology to	be assessed
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T ₁	T ₀		
DC-83	LOCAL (kalen thabi)		

- Seed rate 2kg/ha
- Spacing- 60 x 30 cm
- Planting time –June
- Seed treatment -Trichoderma viride@ 2g/kg of seed.
- Nutrient requirement: NPK: 100: 60: 50kg/ha. N in 3 split doses, ½ N + full P and K as basal dose. ¼ N after two weeks of planting, ¼ N at flowering stage.

Location :-

Khongjom, Hijam khunou,Lourembam, Wangjing and khangabok





Source of technology and year of release

ICAR -IARI, Pusa New Delhi, 2014

T_0 (var T₁ (Var **Parameters** DC-83) Kalen thabi) 60x30cm 60x20cm

8-10

Parameters for assessment

Average weight of fruit(g) 260 130

Flower initiation Days to first female flower 20-25 DAS 20-25 DAS Fruit morphological

10-12

parameters 16.3 11.5 Length (cm) Diameter (cm) 6-8 5-6 Yield(q/ha) 102 75 Cost of cultivation (Rs/ha) 95000 110000 Gross Return (Rs/ha) 360000 225000 Net Return (Rs/ha) 130000 250000 3.27 2.37 BCR









Plant Breeding & Genetics OFT-1

Title: Assessment of bio-fortified Pearl millet Var. ABV-04



Crop

Pearl millet Var. ABV-04 (Biofortified with Zn & Fe)

Source of technology: ANGRAU, Ananthapuram, 2018

Major Problem diagnosed

Poor varietal Diversification. Severity -20%

Technology to be assessed

T ₁	T ₀
ABV-04	Pusa Composite -701

>Seed rate: 5Kg/ha (Drilling method)

Seed treatment: Trichoderma harzianum @ 4gm/kg seed

Field Preparation: One deep ploughing with MB plough, followed by 2-3 cultivator ploughing/harrowing and planking

Fertilizer: NPK (60: 40: 30) Kg/ha; Full P and K and ½ dose of N at the time of sowing in furrow and rest of N through top dressing at 20-25 DAS and panicle formation stage

>Spacing: (40x 10) cm

Sowing time: Mid-June to 3rd week of July

No. of trials proposed /Area (ha)

Days to 50 % flowering

5 /1.5 ha

46

Parameter	T ₁ ABV-04	T ₀ Pusa Composite -701 Farmers Practice
Plant height (cm)	189.23	201.37
Fillers/Plant	2	2

Parameters of Assessment

Number of leaves per plant 9.33 9.91 Panicle length/ Plant (cm) 26.23 24.08

Days to 80 % maturity 88 83 Test weight (gm) 16.23 14.27

49

Yield (kg/ha) 1356 1132 PDI Smut Smut

Cost of cultivation 35000 35000

Gross return 67800 56600 Net return 32800 21600

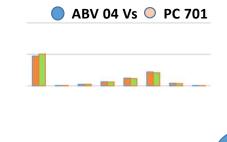
B:C ratio 1.93 1.61

Location:

Umathel, Khangabok, Salungpham, Keirak & Pallel









Plant Breeding & Genetics (Common for all the valley districts of Manipur)

No. of trials

BCR

OFT- 2

Khangabok, Kakching

■ T1-RC 15 ■ T2-RC 16 ■ T3- F/

Title: Performance assessment of rice varieties Var. RC Maniphou 15 & RC Maniphou 16

1.61

(M) 200

Crop	Rice Var. RC Maniphou 15 & RC
	Maniphou 16

Source of technology: ICAR, Manipur Center, 2021

Major Problem diagnosed

Low seed replacement rate of HYV and low yield of existing variety **Severity** -20%

Details of technology

T ₁	T ₂	T ₀ (Farmer Practice)
RC Maniphou 15	RC Maniphou 16	RC Maniphou 13

- Seed rate: 60 Kg /ha
- Seed treatment: Carbendazim @ 4gm/kg seed
- Plant Geometry (Row X Plant): 20 cm X 15 cm
- Fertilizers recommendations: 60:40:30 Kg/ha (N:P:K); ½ N, full P & 2/3 K as basal; ¼ N at 25-30 DAT & ¼ N + 1/3 K at P.I stage
- Transplanting: 2 seedlings per hill
- Transplanting age: 21-25 DAS

proposed /Area (ha) 5 /5 ha		L	ocation:	Nongpok Sekmai & Khongjom	
Parameters of As		sessment			
	Parameter	T ₁ RC Maniphou 15	T₂ RC Maniphou 16	T ₀ RC Maniphou 13 (Farmers Practice)	Kakching Lat 24.40082* Long 93.907508*
	Sowing time	22/07/23	22/07/23	22/07/23	
	Planting time	15/08/23	15/08/23	15/08/23	
	Plant height (cm)	116.34	137.45	121.36	
	No. of effective tillers /m²	237	194	204	Ca unimous
	Days to 80% maturity	117	128	125	Khangabok
	Panicle length (cm)	22.32	25.02	20.29	Lat 24,613897° Long 94.018686°
	Yield (Kg/m ²)	0.62	0.60	0.59	
	Straw Yield (Q/Ha)	56.02	53.56	51.8	l 11 11
	PDI	Brown Spot	Smut	Blast	ll III ac in III III in c
	Cost of cultivation	96000	96000	96000	
	Gross return	155000	144960	137500	
	Net return	59000	48960	41500	5

1.51

1.43

Location:



Discipline: Plant Protection OFT 1. Title: Management of stem rot disease in rice (2nd year)



Crop

RC Maniphou-15

Source of technology and year of release

ICAR NOFRI Sikkim, 2016

No. of trials proposed /Area (ha)

5 /1.5 ha

Problem with severity:

Stem rot is an emerging disease of paddy in Thoubal district **Severity**- 60%

Technology to be assessed		Parameters of Assessment			
		1. (% of infected plants)	T ₁ (Technology)	T ₀ (Farmers Practice)	
T₁ (Technology)	T _o (Farmers practice)	a.(Tillering)	20.98%	23.89%	Lat. 24.61421 Long. 94.01219
1(*************************************		b. (Panicle initiation)	21.79%	26.87%	
Field sanitation	➤ Spraying Propiconazole	c. (Flowering)	21.88%	18.91%	
(Summer ploughing,	25 % EC @2ml/lt at 10, 20	Avg.	21.55%	23.22%	
removal of fungal sclerotia)	days after incidence (500-750ml/ha).	2. Crop damage %	24.32%	30.33%	
Balance application of recommended dose of		3. Time of disease occurrence	Mid tillering(36DAT) to grain hardening stage(110DAT)	Mid tillering(36DAT) to g hardening stage(110DAT	
fertilizer(N:P:K 60:40:30 Kg/Ha)		4 Disease incidence	27.27	36.36	■T1 ■T0 ■T1 ■T0
00.10.30 Kg/11a/		5. Mean plant population	27.88	25.34	
		5. Average disease control %	:	25%(over T0)	
		6. Net Return (Rs/ha)	25000(0.25 lakhs)	22500(0.22 lakhs)	
Location:		7. Gross return(Rs/ ha)	1,15,000(1.15 lakhs)	1,12,500(1.12 lakhs)	
Khangabok, Kiyamsipha	ai, Lamding, Wangbal,	8. Yield (q/ha)	46.14(4.61 t/ha)	45.89(4.58 t/ha)	
Wangjing		9. B:C ratio	1.27	1.25	6



Discipline: Plant Protection OFT-2 (Common for all valley districts of Manipur) Title: Management of purple blotch in onion (1st year)



Crop	Onion var. Nashik	Source of technology and year of release	DOGR and Junagadh Agricultural University, 2018
	Red		

Problem with severity %

Purple blotch is a serious disease in onion reducing yield drastically with 70 % severity

No. of trials proposed /Area (ha)

5 /0.3 ha

Technology to be assessed		Parameters for assessment		
T ₁ T ₀			T ₁ (Technology)	T ₀ (Farmer Practice)
(Technology)	(Farmers practice)	1.Disease incidence		
0.25% + @0.1%, (3 times spraying is done after infestation of the control of the	S. Carrandon and	2.No of infested plants		
	➤ Tebuconazole @0.1%, (3 times spraying is done	3.% infestation	Continuing	
		4. Average disease controlled		
	weekly interval)	5.Crop damage %		
		6.Mean population		
intervals from 30 DAT		7.Time of disease occurrence		
		8. Yield		
		9.Economics		
Location: Wangjing, Wangbal, Ukhongsang, Khangabok,		10. B:C ratio		
		Date of transplanting	2-	12-2023







DISCIPLINE - FISHERIES (Common for all the districts of Manipur) – OFT 1



Title: Periphyton based fish farming (1st Year)

Enterprise: Fish

Problem with severity: Low growth rate of fish in extensive culture system with 70% Severity

No. of trials proposed

5

Source and Year of Release: ICAR -CIFA, Bhubaneswar, 2016

Technology to be Assessed

Stocking density – 8000 fingerlings/ha. Fish species – (IMC)- Catla, Rohu, Mrigal (30:40:30)

Culture period- 6 months

T_1 :

Feeding- RB: MOC (1:1) @ 2% bw once a day Substrate for periphyton- Bamboo pole (Split into 4) Spacing for bamboo pole – 3X3 ft Spreading of bamboo poles - 1/3 of pond surface No. of bamboo required for 0.25 ha – 180 nos.

T₀:

Feeding- RB: MOC (1:1) @ 2% bw once a day No substrate

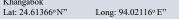
raidiffeters of Assessifient.				
Parameters	Technology	Farmer Practice		
i. Survival %	Continuing			
ii. Yield (Kg/ha)				

Parameters of Assessment .

iii. Absolute growth (g)

Final harvest will be done during January,
2024







Lat: 24.67272°N" Long: 93.94817°E"



Lilong Lat: 24.67272°N" Long: 93.94817°E"

Location:

iv. Economics

Lilong, Khangabok, Chandrakhong, Tentha

8



DISCIPLINE - FISHERIES OFT 2.



Title: Performance assessment of monoculture of air breathing fish (*Anabas testudineus*) (1st Year)

Enterprise: Fish

No. of trials proposed

5

Technology to be Assessed
Stocking density- 8500 fry per 0.1 ha
Species – Anabas testudineus
Culture period - 4 months

T₁:

Feeding- RB: MOC (1:1) @ 3% bw once a day

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Feeding- RB: MOC (1:1) @ 3% bw

once a day

Location:

Nongangkhong, Khangabok, Hiyanglam, Wabagai, Tentha

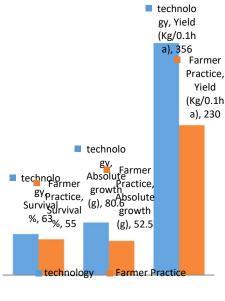
Problem with severity: Less availability of seed as well as low fish growth in extensive culture system . **Severity** -60%

Source and Year of Release: ICAR -CIFA, Bhubaneswar, 2016

Parameters of Assessment :					
Parameters	Technology	Farmer Practice			
i. Survival %	63%	55%			
Ii. Absolute growth (g)	60.6 g	52.5 g			
ii. Yield (Kg per 0.1ha)	356 kg	230kg			
iii. Net return (Rs./ha)	Rs.54320/-	Rs.27600/-			









Discipline -Home Sc. OFT - 1



Title: Assessment on Preparation of Pomelo Jam (1st year)

Enterprise Pomelo jam

Source and Year of Release:
University of Agricultural Sciences,
Bangalore,2015

Problem with severity: Low shelf life of fresh fruit & un-utilization of pomelo fruit in value addition Severity-80%

Nutritional content per 100gm

Samples sent for testing at College of Food Tech, CAU Imphal

Location: Khangabok, Wangjing, Sapam

No. of trials proposed

5

T₁ 100% pomelo Technology

- Peel the pomelo and papaya separately
- Chop into small pieces& put in a saucepan with the sugar (500g), mash and then bring it to boil and add citric acid @3g per kg pulp.
- Continue boiling, stirring constantly & make a gelling test, after 5 minutes pour into glass jar

T₀ 50%pomelo 50% papaya

- Peel the pomelo and remove the fruit
- Add the pomelo & sugar (500g) in saucepan and then bring it to boil. Stir frequently and add citric acid @3g per kg pulp.
- Continue boiling, stirring constantly & make a gelling test, after 5 minutes pour into glass jar





Parameters	T ₁ 100% pomelo	T ₀ 50%pomelo 50% papaya
Product Recovery/kg	1.2	1.6
Cost of Production	352	538
Gross Income	720	960
Net Income	368	538
BC Ratio	2	2.27
Taste	Intense tartness	Slightly tartness



Discipline - Home Sc. Common OFT

Title: Assessment of multi grain millet cookies (1styear)



EnterprisePomelo jam

No. of Trials proposed: 5

Problem with severity: Non availability of diversified millet value added products Severity -80%

Source and Year of Release : IIMR Hyderbad 2018

Details of Technology Preparation of multi grain millet cookies

- Beat 50g butter & Sugar powder (30gm) till fluffy
- Add millet flour 100g (Ragi: Sorghum: Bajara
 @ 30:40:30) till soft dough
- Spread out dough on butter paper & roll it.
- Cut into shapes
- ➤ Bake it for 15 min at 180 degree in pre heated oven

Nutritional content per

100gm
Samples sent for testing
at College of Food Tech
C A U Imphal



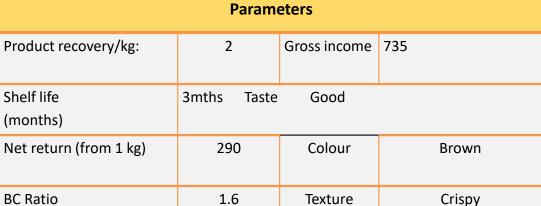
Khangabok, Kouraopokpi Charangpat, Kakching















Discipline - Agronomy

OFT- 1.

Title: Weed management in kharif Blackgram Var. PU-31 (2nd Year)

Crop

Blackgram

Source of technology: RARS, Shillongani, Nagaon, AAU (2015)

No. of trials proposed /Area (ha)

5 /1.25 ha

Major Problem diagnosed

Usually, farmers manage weeds without using herbicide instead practice dense planting and hand weeding.

Severity: 80 %

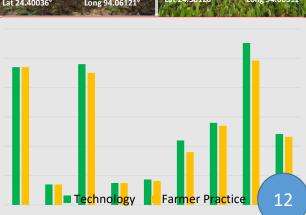
Pre-emergence application of herbicide

- T₁-Pendimethalin @ 3 litre/ha at 1 DAS + 1 HW at 20-25 DAS
- T_0 Dense planting (30 kg/ha) + 1 HW at 20-25 DAS
- Seed treatment: Trichoderma viride @4 g/kg seed.
- Seed rate: 22.5 kg/ha; Spacing: 30x 10cm
- Sowing time: Mid Aug- mid Sept
- Fertilizer: 20:40:15 kg NPK/ha as Basal
- Land preparation: 3-4

Location:

Hijam Khunou, Kakmayai, Heirok, Nongpok Sekmai, Lourembam

	Param	eters of	Assessment
Parameters	T ₁	T ₀	
Plant height(cm) Branches /plant	47 6-8	47 6-8	Or Filly Institution of the Control
Pods/plant	46-49	44-46	
Seeds/plant	7-8	7-8	
100 seed weight (g)	18	18	
Seed yield (q/ha)	8.7	8.2	Kakmayai Lat 24.40036°
Weed population DAS /sqm 16 days 30 days 45 days	10 22 20	10 18 21	
Cost of cultivation (Rs/ha)	28000	27000	
Gross Return (Rs/ha)	52200	49200	
Net Return (Rs/ha)	24200	23200	
BCR	1.86	1.82	





Agronomy OFT-2



Title: Rice based cropping system of rice followed by rapeseed Rice var. RC Maniphou-15, Rapeseed var. TS-38 (2nd year)

Crop: Rice Var. RC Maniphou 15 Rapeseed var TS-38

Major Problem Diagnosed with Severity %- Rice field usually kept fallow and alone cannot increased the cropping intensity and economic benefit of farmers Severity: 60%

No. of	trials	proposed
/Area	(ha)	

5 /1.25 ha

Source of Tech: ICAR, Manipur, 2017

Details of technology

- •Variety RC Maniphou-15
- Seed rate- 60kg/ha
- Sowing time- June last week
- •Transplanting time 1st forthnight of July
- •Spacing 15x15 cm
- •Fertilizer dose 80:40: 30 kg NPK/ha.
- •Followed by Zero tillage mustard cultivation using variety TS-38

Location: Hijam Khunou, Kiyam Siphai, Cherapur, Kakching khunou

	Parame	eters of Assessment	
Parameters	T ₁ (Rice)	T ₀	Rapeseed
Sowing time	June 22	No farmer practice	Crops are at initial stage that is vegetative stage.
Planting time	July 12		
Spacing (cm)	15x15		
Plant height (cm)	110		
No. of spikelet's/panicle	135-140		
Maturity (days)	134		
Test weight (g)	30.42 Kiyam	siphai Thoubal	Lamding Cherapur, TBL
Grain yield (q/ha)	58	de24.5986°N Longitude 94.0359° E	Latitude 24.5998°N, Longitude 94.040
Straw yield (q/ha)	52		
Harvest Index	0.53		
Cost of Cultivation	96000		TA DA
Gross Income	145000		The state of the s
Net Return	49000		
BCR	1.51		



Lamding Cherapur, TBL Latitude 24.5998°N, Longitude 94.0400° E





Discipline -Agricultural Extension (Common for all the districts of Manipur) OFT



Title: Assessment on Knowledge, Attitude and Perception of Millets

Crop: Millet

Problem: Lack of awareness on health and nutritional aspects of the consumer and few growers/cultivars

No. of Trials: 120 Farmers

✓92.00 % of the farmers faces Bird's problem

Social Concept: Assessment on Knowledge, Attitude and Perception of Millets

Study Period: January 2023 to December 2023

Source: Knowledge, Attitude and Perception (KAP) of Farmers for using Information and Communication Technology in Agriculture in Punjab, India. *IJCSEITR*,5(6):7-12 & 2015

Methodology: Stratified Purposive Sampling (Both Questionnaires and Schedule)

Parameters		
1. Knowledge:	4. Technology index: 48.00%	
√ 54.16% of the respondents knows millets		
✓ 18.20 % Knows millet as climate resilient crop and its health benefit		4
2. Attitude:	5. Extension gap:	
√ 76.00 % of the respondents are willing to grow millets	1.90 q	
✓ Only 12.15% of the respondents grows millets	6. Technology gap : 9.60 q	No.
3. Perception:	7. Yield: 10.4 q	
✓ 92.15 % of the farmers wants to promote millet	8. B:C Ratio: 1.80	
✓ 43.44 % respondents preferred to grow millet in future	o. b.c Natio. 1.00	
✓86.00% of the respondents preferred Sorghum		



